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SHAPING PERCEPTIONS: CONSUMER BEHAVIOR TOWARD LAB-GROWN AND NATURAL DIAMONDS

Shruti Batra*

Semester 5, B.Des (Accessory Design Department) National Institute of Fashion Technology, New Delhi.

*Corresponding author: Shruti Batra

Abstract

India is producing more lab-grown diamonds (LGDs), which have completely changed the perceptions surrounding natural diamonds. More and more young people opt for lab-grown because they are longer-lasting and cheaper. With significant advancements in technology, it is now possible to set up approximately 8,000 to 10,000 reactors dedicated to the production of lab-grown diamonds. But natural diamonds are destined to become more popular as luxury items since they are few in number, perceived as invaluable, carry history, and can be an investment. This research will investigate the influence of varying prices on people's shopping preferences. Potential investors will find the results extremely helpful in understanding how to profit from the diamond market over time and reap its growth and benefits. Anyone interested in understanding the latest trends in the diamond industry and potential future prospects will find this study to be highly beneficial. It will also reveal whether people in the diamond world will accept the lab-grown diamonds or only treat them as fashion jewelry. The moral and ethical issues associated with most diamonds having been mined will influence how people decide to buy them. Will lab-grown diamonds hurt the huge diamond business, or will people just buy them as crystals?

Keywords: consumer behavior, lab-grown diamonds, natural diamonds, diamond industry, perception of diamonds, sustainable luxury.

1. INTRODUCTION

The market of diamonds in India has primarily been based on natural diamonds, prized for their scarcity, sheer beauty, and cultural significance. These diamonds symbolized wealth and luxury, coupled with social status, which led most of the people to desire these gems for special life events, such as weddings and engagements. However, currently, due to the rise of lab-grown diamonds (LGDs), everything in this industry has changed.

1.1 Lab-Grown Diamonds

Lab-grown diamonds are the same type of diamond as manufactured or cultured diamonds. High-tech methods are used to make these, which are meant to look like the places where diamonds naturally form in the Earth's core. They can be made in two ways: CVD (Chemical Vapor Deposition) and HPHT (High Pressure High Temperature)[2] LGDs are chemically, physically, and visually the same as

natural diamonds. There has been steady growth in the LGD market in India. Diamond sales are big in India due to such factors as increasing knowledge of social and environmental problems with traditional diamond mining. Younger people become more concerned with sustainability and social duty, which has altered the tastes of consumers. Because people can get bigger or better stones for the same price as a diamond, the lower price also helps LGDs become more common.

1.1.1 Advantages of Lab-Grown Diamonds

Below are the advantages of LGDs and how it is affecting the consumers with its advantages.

- Sustainability
- Ethical Production
- Affordability
- Identical to Natural Diamonds

• No mining impact

Due to the above reasons, Lab-grown diamonds have more and more youth customers simply because they are sustainable, relatively cheap, and ethically produced. Unlike mined diamonds, these diamonds have relatively smaller footprints in the environment and are free of issues with exploitative labor practices. Gen Z and millennials who decide to live these eco-conscientious lives are attracted by these conflict-free alternatives. Besides, lab-grown diamonds are 30-40% less expensive than natural diamonds, more readily available without compromise in quality or brilliance.[4] Lab-grown diamonds will be in demand among the youth more mainly because of their sustainability, the affordable price, and ethical practices of creating them. Since they come without environmental exploitation issues unlike mined diamonds, Gen Z and millennials consider such conflict-free diamond options. Besides, lab-grown diamonds are 30-40% less expensive than natural ones. This makes labgrown diamonds more affordable without sacrificing quality and brilliance.[3]

1.2 Natural Diamonds

Natural diamonds are the result of extremely hot and cold pressures deep down in the strata of the Earth's mantle. They are extracted using two different methods: open pit, and underground. Open pit is a kind of extraction where deeper holes are dug to extract the kimberlite rocks that contain diamonds, whereas underground shafts and tunnels are made to reach deeper diamond deposits. All of these require a lot of energy and effort. Sometimes, the mining process causes disrupting environments—the land is degraded and water gets polluted—often raising ethical questions since it has also been associated with exploitative labor and conflict diamonds.

1.2.1 Advantages of Natural Diamonds

There are many advantages of natural diamonds, as they have long-term benefits and emotional connections with consumers; some of them are written below.

- Timeless Beauty and Rarity
- Cultural and Emotional Significance
- Long-Term Investment Value
- Unique and Unmatched Quality
- Historical and Geological Value
- Symbol of Luxury and Status.

Having their own advantages, both are preferred in given time. But, the detailed comparison will show how they differ and affect the consumers.

Particulars	Grown Diamond	Earth mined diamonds
Physical Properties	Identical	Identical
Chemical Composition	Carbon	Carbon
Intrinsic Property	Rare and Purest (Type IIa)	Rare and Purest (Type IIa)
Sources of Diamond	Diamond growing greenhouse	Excavation of Earth
Is it synthetic?	No	No
Is it fake?	No	No
Is it artificial?	No	No
Certified by labs	No	Yes
Life of Diamond	Eternity	Eternity

Table 1: Comparison of Basic Facts: Grown Diamonds and Earth Mined Diamonds [19]

It is represented in Table 1, which shows an in-depth comparison of lab-grown diamonds and earth-mined diamonds based on attributes such as physical properties, chemical composition, sources, and certification. These two kinds of diamonds share the same physical and chemical properties, including being made of carbon and having the rare Type IIa intrinsic property. They are different, however, with regards to source: lab-grown diamonds are made within diamond-growing greenhouses; earth-mined diamonds are dug up. The method used in certification differs from one to the other as well. [19]

1.3 Factors Affecting Consumer Preferences

- a) Price Elasticity: The price elasticity of diamond costs is extremely high. Cult diamonds, which are said to be 30-40% cheaper than the likes of natural diamonds, are affordable without a compromise in quality, thereby even more appealing to the young budget-conscious buyer [12].
- b) Environmental and Social Responsibilities: Due to the environmental damage associated with traditional diamond mining, which causes significant degradation of the ecosystem, and ethical reasons due to labor exploitation, most consumers have opted for lab-grown diamonds as their alternatives. These alternatives are regarded as more eco-friendly and conflict-free, which appeals to environmentally conscious consumers [6].

- c) Cultural Influence and Perception of Luxury: Natural diamonds are associated with luxury, status, and heritage.[3] This cultural value can, to an extent, influence customers' choices, especially in mature markets and where there is a strong heritage of diamonds. The entire perception is changing, though, since lab-grown diamonds provide an ethical and more affordable version of luxury [4][12].
- d) Social Media and Brand Influence: The consumer perception of diamonds is largely influenced by social media and online branding. Influencer marketing, celebrity endorsements, and several social media campaigns are allowing lab-grown diamonds to gain traction in the marketplace and become popular among millennials and Gen Z consumers who focus on sustainability and ethics when making purchases [8]. Traditionally, India has been seen as a global hub for diamond cutting and polishing. But the trend is changing with shifting consumer preference and India is now becoming a key player in the lab-grown diamond sector.

1.4 Consumer Awareness and Knowledge

a) Education Regarding Lab-Grown vs. Natural Diamonds: Many consumers are unaware of the critical differences between lab-grown and natural diamonds. Educating the consumer is a challenge as well with increasing interest from consumers. Consumer education efforts must explain the production process, the benefits, sustainability of lab-grown diamonds to a consumer as an opportunity for better decision making [9][12]. Consumer awareness of lab-grown diamonds has been increasing over the years. In the United States, a survey in 2018 indicated that over half of the consumers knew about cultured diamonds.[21] By the year 2023, this knowledge attained a level of 79%, meaning consumers knew and understood their application in fine jewelry [22]

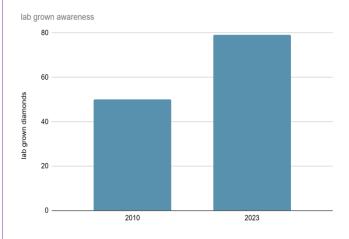


Figure 2: Increase in awareness of lab-grown diamonds[22]

- Understand the Differences in Terms of Quality **Certification:** Though chemically physically similar to natural diamonds, lab-grown diamonds come in different forms concerning their certification processes that could influence a consumer's choice. Traditionally, natural diamonds are certified by bodies such as the Gemological Institute of America (GIA). On the other hand, labgrown diamonds are graded by other labs as well whose credibility is not guaranteed and which may lead to confusion regarding quality assurance. So, educating consumers about such differences and the authenticity of the certification concerning labgrown diamonds will help increase its acceptance in the market [12][5]
- b) Media Influence and Marketing Strategies: Media and marketing strategies play an important role in the perception of diamonds among consumers. Campaigns from the past few years have popularized lab-grown diamonds, espousing their ethical and environmental advantages through social media. This has changed the consumption pattern of luxury goods among millennial and Gen Z consumers. What have been critical factors in the changing narrative for diamonds, including social media influencers, brand transparency, and targeted ads, shifting the focus from rarity and exclusivity associated with natural diamonds to sustainability and affordability [7][11].

2. Psychological Factors in Consumer Decision-Making

Consumer decision-making for diamonds is complexly influenced by psychological factors beyond just a simple price consideration. Diamonds, whether natural or synthetic, have strong emotional and symbolic meanings for consumers, especially when these diamonds symbolize some of life's most important events, such as engagements and weddings. The perceived scarcity, authenticity, and value of diamonds also play an important role in determining consumer choices. Furthermore, diamonds have always been considered status symbols; it is the social expectations that continue to drive consumers' purchasing decisions. In the following part of the essay, psychological factors are discussed which influence the way consumers view both natural and lab-grown diamonds-concerning the emotional value, rarity, and social status associated with these precious stones.

2.1 Emotional and Symbolic Value of Diamonds

Diamonds have traditionally represented love, commitment, and luxury. Natural and lab-grown diamonds carry the same emotional worth when associated with the occasion of engagement and marriage.[4] To many consumers, though, this psychological tie to a diamond is

based on its authenticity and on the historical value attached to it. Lab-grown diamonds, although chemically identical, might not have the same emotional and sentimental value for some buyers due to their seeming lack of "natural" origin, though emotional appeal is still strong [9].

2.2 Perceptions of Rarity, Authenticity, and Value

Perception of scarcity and authenticity are also critical in the luxury diamond market. Natural diamonds have been valued based on their scarcity-exactly that feature that has motivated the demand to purchase them as a valuable commodity. Laboratory-grown diamonds are physically identical but perceived as less scarce, which would affect the value in the minds of some consumers. This perception of rarity and authenticity very often influences buying decisions, more especially for investment or a status symbol diamond purchasers [5]. However, there is an emerging awareness regarding the environmental and ethical benefits of lab-grown diamonds that is changing the perceptions sustainability.[8]

2.3 Status Symbol and Social Expectations

Natural diamonds have always been status symbols, as their relationship with wealth meant, by extension, prestige. Social expectations about luxury goods determine the way the market behaves in a society that hitchhikes diamonds onto success. But lab-grown diamonds break the mold.[7] Laboratory-grown diamonds may be aesthetically and in quality just as good as their natural counterparts, but they are perceived as less prestigious because of their origin. Still, as the value for sustainability increases, these diamonds are slowly being accepted as status symbols of their own, especially among more youthful, socially aware consumers [12].

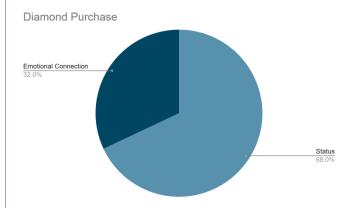


Figure 3: Factors affecting diamond purchase in India

Figure 3 graphs reasons for buying diamonds - 68% of individuals have bought diamonds chiefly for their status and prestige. Such people value diamonds due to symbolic association with wealth, success, and even luxury. The remaining 32% buy diamonds for more personal, or emotional reasons, such as marking significant milestones

like engagements or anniversaries, where the emotional connection, especially love and commitment, play a central role. It is this distinction that underlines the duality of diamond ownership-to balance material and emotional factors. [23]

3. Background Work

Lab-grown diamonds are transforming the diamond industry. Consumers get new choices environmentally more friendly and less expensive than natural stones. Despite this, perceptions regarding quality, authenticity, and long-term value with natural diamonds vary among consumers. Lab-grown diamonds attract environmental-friendly consumers by offering ethical advantages; however, traditional associations of diamonds with luxury and exclusivity persist among buyers [1], [5].

It is evident from the literature that consumer confusion arises because of inconsistent marketing and undefined information on the difference and merit of diamonds [2], [6]. For example, Memme [3] affirms that to elevate lab-grown diamonds, open communication regarding their features and value should be made. Likewise, George [5] emphasizes that education for the consumer should align with sustainability narratives so as to gain acceptance.

Despite growing awareness, questions about which diamond type offers better value for money and emotional significance remain open. The study aims to investigate those perceptions and the underlying factors that may affect consumer choices between lab-grown and natural diamonds. In its aims, the study addresses gaps and misconceptions in previous knowledge to come up with better understanding related to consumer behavior in the emerging market involved [1], [3], [5].

4. Literature Review

In a very short period, lab-grown diamonds (LGDs) have substantially changed consumer behavior and preference for jewelry in the marketplace, since the features of the merchandise- affordability and sustainability- align with key consumer concerns regarding sourcing, ethical and environmental sustainability. Lab-grown diamonds have emerged as a disruptive force in the jewelry market, changing consumer preference and disrupting the control of natural diamonds.

Welp [1] examines the competitive positioning of LGDs in the luxury market, claiming that the strength lies in the lower price and eco-friendly production. Besides this, the study calls for education programs and marketing efforts to be targeted at the technological factors behind LGDs. Brands would then be able to compete against natural diamonds by dealing with consumers' perception of authenticity issues and capitalizing on the ethical qualities achieved through LGDs.

LGDs present both opportunities and challenges for the diamond industry, as postulated by Sherman [2]. According to him, their affordability and environmental sustainability resonate with an increasingly eco-sensitized customer segment. However, at the same time, he recognizes that overcoming perceptions of authenticity and luxury associated with natural diamonds is the way forward in mainstream market adoption.

Memme [3] subjects the cultural and historical background of natural diamonds to the spotlight, ranging from impressing the likes of the high-net-worth individuals to the more traditional consumers. Memme believed that through their scarcity, the symbolic appeal of the natural diamond sometimes finds it hard to be equaled by the LGDs, and branding naturally would find it challenging to bring an LGD into an arena of equality with respect.. It also calls for consumer perception restructuring through branding efforts on the topic of LGDs as a modern alternative, ethical choice.

George [5] looks into the influence of LGDs in India, one of the major players in the world diamond market. By pointing to the benefit of LGDs over mined diamonds in terms of lower production costs and improved environmental performance, he examines the major economic and environmental benefits offered through the increasing practice of LGDs. Moreover, he shows that efforts from the local governments on LGD manufacturing promote the industry as a viable, sustainable substitute for traditional diamond mining.

Technical analysis of artificial diamonds; production processes and applications have been covered by Meena [6]. This study enables an understanding of how LGDs are cost-effective and efficient; the implication is that their price would make them competitive in both industrial and luxury markets. The critical underpinning from Meena, however, is the need for education of consumers regarding the ethical and environmental advantages of LGDs.

Mittal [10] emphasizes economic impacts of LGDs due to their ability to upheave the long-established diamond market. The paper suggests that the conflict-free background and sustainability awareness of LGDs appeal most to younger generations with environmental attitudes. Mittal believes that to succeed in the long-term, LGDs have to counter the fuzzy differentiation in their market and invest in branding efforts.

These studies collectively point out the change-making potential of LGDs and the ability to alter consumer preferences and industry dynamics. By using the advantage of affordability, ethical sourcing, and sustainability, LGDs can establish themselves as a strong alternative to natural diamonds-while concerns about authenticity and branding are satisfactorily addressed.

5. Problem Definition

Lab-grown diamonds are said to change the diamond industry, which from the start was its sustainable and affordable alternative to natural diamonds. However, despite the numerous environmental and ethical benefits lab-grown diamonds have, they still face heavy challenges in consumer perceptions and acceptance in the market. One of them is that consumers lack proper information and understanding about the quality, durability, and genuineness of lab-grown diamonds vis-à-vis their natural counterparts. Most consumers have not been assured which kind of diamond aligns with their values, preferences, and long-term investment goals [1],[5].

From the approaches mentioned above, natural diamonds have been successful enough in romanticizing them as the products that represent luxury, status, and eternal love and deep-rooted in consumer culture [11]. Lab-grown diamonds, on the other hand, have not been successful in sculpting the desired identity from the minds of consumers. This inconsistency in narratives and lack of transparency by the industry in its communication is further aggravating the confusion as inferred by George [5]. Memme [3] underlines the fact that though lab-grown diamonds are perceived innovative, they have yet to garner consumer trust or establish competitive parity with its luxury market rivals.

This study identifies a relevant knowledge gap about factors underlying consumers' choice between lab-grown and natural diamonds. The perceptions in the current study are first addressed in terms of their emotional, cultural, and economic factors driving a choice. Having identified the problem is essential in filling the knowledge gap that supports proper decision-making and ensures lab-grown diamonds can peacefully share a competitive marketplace with their natural counterpart within the jewelry industry.

5. Objectives

To gain insights into consumer perceptions of labgrown versus natural diamonds, it investigates the drivers behind purchasing decisions, such as emotional attachment, ethical behavior, and status-driven motivations. Addressing the widespread confusion among consumers over which diamond type to choose, this paper aims to debunk the myths and provide actionable suggestions for diamond-industry stakeholders on educating and engaging their audience. Below are the rest objectives:-

- Consumer perceptions of the quality, value, and authenticity associated with lab-grown compared to natural diamonds.
- Emotional and cultural significance of diamonds as it relates to consumer preference

- Role of ethical considerations and sustainability concerns in determining whether or not to buy a labgrown diamond
- Potential gaps in marketing strategies for lab-grown diamonds and recommendations to enhance consumer awareness and trust.
- The impact of status-driven motivations on consumer choices between natural and lab-grown diamonds is judged.
- Recommendations for industry stakeholders to align strategies with changing expectations and preferences among consumers are proposed.

6. Methodology

This study was designed to be very holistic in using a mixed-methods approach to grasp an understanding of consumer perception between lab-grown and natural diamonds. A major preliminary literature review was conducted on specific academic articles, industry reports, and earlier research to set up a theoretical framework. Welp [1], Memme [3], and George [5] were a few of the sources used to better understand consumer behavior, the ethical and emotional impacts of diamonds, and the challenges that laboratory-grown diamonds would experience in the marketplace. Based on these sources, knowledge gaps centered around the transition in consumer tastes and how cultural and moral issues played a role in shaping opinions around the purchase of diamonds.

To prepare primary data, a Google Form survey was designed, distributed to a broad audience, and premised on contentious questions that sought to uncover their consumer awareness, taste, and motivation for buying diamonds. The survey is found at [24-36] Questions dealt with perceived value, emotional status appeal, and ethical considerations related to lab-grown diamonds. Analyzing quantitative responses over time allows for tracking of trends, such as increasing awareness of lab-grown diamonds, changes in perception about their truthfulness, and the rise of sustainability as a motivating reason for consumer purchasing decisions.

The qualitative data addition also in the form of semi-structured interviews carried out with industry stakeholders, including jewelers and consumers of diamonds, provided good qualitative insight into buyer hesitation and preference and complemented those findings that were gathered from the survey. Public Q&A sessions further added depth, providing a venue to address common misconceptions and explore general attitudes toward lab-grown diamonds, which should help identify widespread trends and gaps in knowledge. The results indicated great shifts in consumer perception. Young, green-minded consumers increasingly chose lab-grown diamonds because they are sustainable and ethical. However, the mythology that was still attached to natural diamonds regarding status and heritage definitely influenced a wide number of buyers, especially among the older demographics.

This duality was significant when looking at the overall market and challenges lab-grown diamonds would have in terms of gaining acceptance.

A comparative analysis of primary and secondary research would show that consumer behavior is slowly changing. Reports such as George's study [5] underline the importance of open communication for the removal of myths. It corroborates with our findings about making marketing narratives clearer for consumers. Memme [3] proposed sustainability as a competitive tool that resonated well with our survey data and interviews.

6.1 Proposed Solutions

A number of strategies which need to be initiated to mitigate the problems being faced by lab-grown diamonds in the market are as follows:

- a) Improved Education and Marketing: Transparencies in communication about quality, durability, and authenticity shall be possible solutions to negative notions. Marketing needs to bring forward the sustainable and ethical factors while revealing that they are not "synthetic" or inferior.
- b) Emotional and Status Appeal: Although lab-grown diamonds are heavily marketed upon practical reasons, adding emotional stories behind natural diamond creations can fill the missing gap. Positioning lab-created diamonds as symbols of modern love and sustainability may appeal to young couples.
- c) Industry Stakeholders' Buy-In: To the extent that jewellers and other industry leaders accept the product as authentic luxury, consumers will likely have greater confidence in lab-grown diamonds. Sales teams may be trained to educate the consumer, which would further facilitate acceptance.
- d) Targeted Message: Messages can be addressed to a variety of audiences-to more youthful consumers, sustainability may be an issue, while for budgetsensitized consumers, value-for-money might be an issue. This can definitely open up new markets.

6.2 The Research and the Implications

Findings from the surveys, interviews, and public Q&A sessions have dramatically shaped our understanding of market dynamics. They highlighted and underlined the complexity of consumer decisions that were emotionally, ethically, and status-related. The fact that the growing shift towards sustainability-focused preferences is being affected by younger demographics does indicate a change in the traditional narrations of the jewelry industry.

A secondary data comparative analysis has reinforced the fact that although awareness of lab-grown diamonds is on the rise, misconceptions remain, and this requires a joint effort by manufacturers, retailers, and marketers. Ultimately, the research provides actionable insights into helping fill gaps between consumer awareness and acceptance in guiding the diamond industry toward an inclusive and sustainable future.

7. Results

A detailed discussion of the findings achieved and their relation to the research objectives is elaborated later. The study has gone on to shed valuable light on the perception of consumers regarding lab-grown versus natural diamonds, thereby aligning with the research objectives. While one talks of heritage and status in terms of natural diamonds, lab-grown diamonds hold a significant future as eco-friendly, affordably-priced alternatives for the modern consumer.

Do you consider lab-grown diamonds as "real diamonds"?

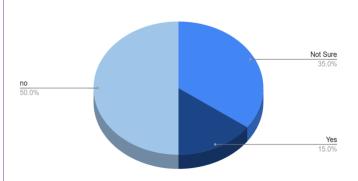


Figure 4: Do people consider LGDs as real diamonds?

Figure 4 reveals that most of the consumers do not know what the environmental consequences of natural diamonds mean for them, and most of them have no idea what the implications of the conducts mean. The best way to deal with these consumers is therefore through education and being sensitized on the subject matter. This can eventually modify the consumer choice to adopt a more eco-friendly diamond such as lab-grown diamonds.

7.1 Consumer Perceptions of Quality, Value, and Authenticity

A large awareness gap regarding differences in technology and aesthetics between lab-grown and natural diamonds has been present. Although the prices of lab-grown diamonds are considered economical, authenticity is still a challenge they face. Natural diamonds are often perceived as a piece of rarity, luxury, and heritage that truly embodies quality and authenticity.

Respondents who viewed natural diamonds as carrying legacy and investment value are part of the previous study that natural stones carry the concept of "investment over lifetime" [3],[Figure 5]. On the other hand, laboratory-grown

diamonds are said to appear almost indistinguishable yet economically prudent and lines up with the demand for value-sensitive buyers [11].

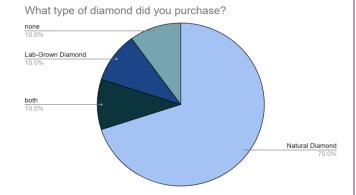


Figure 5: What kind of diamond people prefer to buy?

Figure 5 Report a preference for natural diamonds as the majority chose these over lab-grown or preferred both. A few responded that they preferred lab-grown over natural, or neither of the two types of diamonds. It is indicative that, although natural diamonds will continue to occupy the majority of the consumer's preference, there is an increasing awareness of lab-grown options, which may well foretell an alteration of mindset from the consumer in response to further education and market development.

7.2 Emotional and Cultural Significance

Diamonds are also greatly symbolic of emotional and cultural value. It can be considered analogous to family values, inheritance traditions, and love tokens. To date, the niche is dominated by natural diamonds as consumers state their status as heirlooms or symbols of legacy. This end supports earlier research that has found attachment is tied to the historical and cultural significance of natural diamonds [4].

Respondents, when referring to lab-grown diamonds, claimed that they share aesthetic properties but their emotional appeal is less powerfully communicated. Some consumers claimed that lab-grown diamonds lack the inherent romanticism associated with the natural process of stone formation over millions of years [5]. However, the newer pool of respondents in the 25–40-year age group showed an increase in receptivity towards lab-grown alternatives due to ethical and financial reasons with the promise of a cultural shift towards preferring diamonds [2].

7.3 Ethical and Sustainability Considerations

Sustainability was a very strong differentiator that supported the use of lab-grown diamonds. Many of the participants said they have positive perceptions of lab-grown diamonds' lower environmental impact and ethical sourcing. Such findings support research that highlights the reduced

carbon footprint of lab-grown production as compared to traditional mining [1], [5].

On the other hand, the data also reflected a few respondents who were not aware of the environmental and ethical benefits of lab-grown diamonds. Half of the responding consumers lack knowledge regarding the sustainability claims surrounding the lab-grown diamonds. The study shows that this is in accordance with the findings of the industry that ignorance about the product gravely hinders consumption of lab-grown diamonds [15].

7.4 Lapses in Marketing Strategies

The survey indicated gaps in the marketing of lab-grown diamonds. Respondents reported confusion around the "realness" [Figure 6] and durability of the lab-grown options. Thus, despite potentially being affordable luxury goods, consumers seem to be hesitant, given the legacy narratives applied to natural diamonds. These conclusions are in line with reports stressing the potential for clearer positioning and development of trust for lab-grown diamonds in the luxury market Moreover, the respondents claimed that lab-grown diamonds needed to have starker branding based on their distinct benefits, such as being sourced through ethical means and environmentally friendly, to attract eco-conscious buyers [9]. The present marketing plans are inadequate regarding the aspect of long-term value, which is a source of missed chances [10].

Do you consider lab-grown diamonds as "real diamonds"?

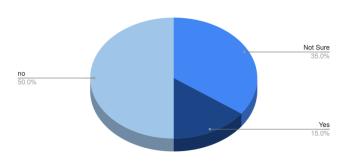


Figure 6: Do people consider LGDs as "real diamonds"?

7.5 Status-Driven Motivations Influence

Natural diamonds still hold the dominant position in status-based situations, where respondents link them with wealth, scarcity, and social status. Lab-grown diamonds, though increasingly popular, do not easily compete in that respect, especially as they are seen as "less rare" or having "less investment potential." Survey responses also confirm findings from other studies that suggest that status-inclined consumers favor natural diamonds, considering their price tag as worth the expense [7], [17].

what appeals to you most about lab-grown diamonds?

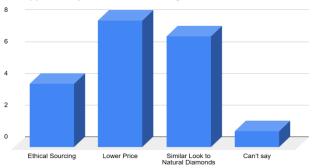


Figure 7: What factor of LGDs attracts most consumers?

Figure 7 reveals that most of the participants appreciate labgrown diamonds on account of ethically sourced and the price, pointing to concern for environmental and social responsibility. Also, the similarity of appearance to natural diamonds is a significant driver for some. This suggests that though ethical issues and the pricing power the attraction towards it, visual similarity to a natural diamond has a strong role in gaining interest in lab-grown diamonds.

7.6 Recommendations for people involved in Industry

Based on the results, the following suggestions are made towards catering to changing consumer expectations

- a) Stronger Education Campaigns: Promote ethical and environmental benefits of lab-grown diamonds through see-through marketing approaches.[Figure
- b) **Emotional Bond Stronger:** Represent the cultured diamond as the fresh symbol of love and milestones for the earth-conscious young generation.
- c) Sustainable Pricing Policy: Focus on costeffectiveness and value for money in lab-grown diamonds to attract budget-conscious consumers.[8]
- d) Certification for Sustainability: Third-party certification ensures product credibility and authenticity grown in lab settings.
- e) **Cultural Rebranding:** Through ambassadors and industry champions, to reposition the luxury stories of lab-grown diamonds.

The study found significant perceptions of consumer opinion on lab-grown versus natural diamonds, thus reflecting the aim of the paper. While heritage and status remain forever coupled to the natural diamond, the lab-grown alternative is more promising for value-for-money and eco-friendly options of the modern consumer. Closing the identified gaps in awareness and trust through strategic marketing may unlock higher acceptance of lab-grown diamonds in this now-changing luxury sector.

8. Key Findings

Some of the most important findings in this research reflect that consumer awareness of the environmental impact of natural diamonds is low and includes many that are either ignorant or uncertain. As far as a preference for diamonds is concerned, this market expresses a preference for natural diamonds; however, interest in Lab-Created Diamonds here is significant - and particularly their Ethical Sourcing and, in some cases, their lower prices. Of course, more importance is the fact that Lab-Created Diamonds look similar to Natural Diamonds. In this case, the outcome will reflect greater necessity to educate consumers about the environmental and ethical impacts of diamond creation if perceptions and preferences are to be changed.

9. Limitation and Future Work

One of the major limitations of this study is that it used only a small population size, which may not exhaustively represent the heterogeneous target consumer. Overall, the survey and interviews were conducted in narrowly focused groups, limiting the general izability of findings.[5] Overall, geographic diversity is also limited because participants mainly stay in cities, which can not necessarily depict rural views on lab-grown versus natural diamonds. The present research also suffers from the problem of bias attributed to the self-reported data since consumers are less likely to provide honest or accurate reflections of their preferences and behavior.

The research was not able to capture the long-run dynamics of market trends and changing attitudes of consumers towards sustainability and ethics of the diamond industry. The consumer perceptions with regard to lab-grown diamonds will change rapidly through market dynamics, social movements, or further technology in producing diamonds. Thus, there arises the need for continued research into how these changing trends are developed. [11]

Further, by increasing the sample size and incorporating samples demographically such as rural consumers, one can get a more enhanced idea about the preferences of global consumers. Moreover, conducting a longitudinal study can be carried out to understand the way consumer opinions change with time, especially in the wake of increasing sustainability and ethical considerations in the luxury market. Future research would be to interpret the significance of marketing and branding in terms of forming consumer beliefs regarding lab-grown diamonds and natural diamonds.[22]This would help prove how different messaging and education lead to changes in purchasing decisions.

10. Conclusion

In a nutshell, this study points to some shift by consumers toward lab-grown as against natural diamonds. Interestingly, although the latter continue to gain preference from the client, the former is gaining fastly by consumers who consider ethical sourcing and sustainability, among other things. The survey also observed a significant awareness gap in consumers regarding the relative environmental implications of natural diamonds-a gap that more education campaigns need to fill. All these findings indicate that proper marketing and education will make lab-grown diamonds a more important choice. Further, research focused on changing the values and behaviors of consumers will be crucial in understanding the future landscape of diamonds. The study thus inspires a more sustainable and informed strategy in both the diamond industry and at the consumer's decision-making level.

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